

# Intravenous Ketorolac Vs. Morphine In Children With Acute Abdominal Pain

NCT06160778

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Status	RECRUITING
Phase	Phase 3
Sponsor	University of Calgary
Enrollment	495 participants

## Key Eligibility Criteria

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### Inclusion (5)

- Age 6 to 17 years
- Abdominal pain d5 days duration
- Acute abdominal pain that is being investigated (suspected) by the clinical team for appendicitis
- Patient with IV cannula in situ or ordered
- Currently experiencing moderate to severe abdominal pain at rest or with movement: self-reported pain score e5 using the verbal Numerical Rating Scale

### Exclusion (12)

- Previous enrollment in the trial
  - NSAID use within 3 hours and/or opioid use within 1 to 2 hours (1 hour post-IV or intra-nasal fentanyl and 2 hours post IV morphine).
  - Children who need immediate resuscitation, are hemodynamically unstable as deemed by the clinical team or have a Canadian Triage Assessment Score of 1
  - Significant caregiver and/or child cognitive impairment precluding the ability to complete study questions.
  - Chronic pain requiring daily analgesic use: confounding as response to analgesics maybe altered.
- ... and 7 more (see full listing online)

## Locations (1 total)

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Alberta Children's Hospital Emergency Department, Calgary, Alberta, Canada

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<https://clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT06160778>

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