

Shockwave™ vs Surgical Endarterectomy for Calcified Severe Common Femoral Artery Stenosis: Comparison of Efficacy, Safety and Long-Term Outcomes

NCT06829914

Status	RECRUITING
Phase	Not Applicable
Sponsor	Baylor Research Institute
Enrollment	60 participants

Key Eligibility Criteria

Inclusion (7)

- A patient will be eligible for inclusion in this study if he or she meets all of the following criteria (confirmed by core lab):
- CFA atherosclerotic stenosis 60-100%
- Moderate to severe calcification reported on imaging
- Lifestyle-limiting intermittent claudication (IC) or chronic limb-threatening ischemia (CLTI) as described by Rutherford chronic limb ischemia (CLI) category 2-5
- Failing conservative therapy
- ... and 2 more (see full listing online)

Exclusion (14)

- A patient will be ineligible for inclusion in this study if he or she meets any of the following criteria:
- History of CFE or bypass in affected limb
- Thrombosis of affected CFA
- Aneurysm in the common femoral artery of target limb
- Known target lesion restenosis (re-narrowing of the artery to e50% following the alleviation of a previous narrowing within 3 months)
- ... and 9 more (see full listing online)

Locations (1 total)

Baylor Scott & White The Heart Hospital - Plano, Plano, Texas, United States