

# Patient Preference and Long-term Outcomes in Persistent Spinal Pain Syndrome: A Prospective Study Comparing Spinal Cord Stimulation to Intrathecal Drug Delivery.

NCT07091123

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<b>Status</b>	RECRUITING
<b>Phase</b>	Phase 4
<b>Sponsor</b>	University Hospitals Cleveland Medical Center
<b>Enrollment</b>	36 participants

## Key Eligibility Criteria

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### Inclusion (5)

- Age 30 years or greater
- Previous lumbar or thoracic spine surgery
- Intractable pain of trunk (more than limbs; e 75%/25% ratio back/leg pain)
- Patient who passed psychological evaluations as part of the usual clinical care prior to consideration of IDDS and are stable with current pain condition and medications
- Failed more conservative management, including physical therapy, medications and injections.

### Exclusion (7)

- Untreated infection or coagulopathy/patient unable to stop anticoagulants
- Immune compromised state precluding having an implant
- Allergic reactions to bupivacaine or fentanyl
- Pregnancy.
- Patients using > 15 mg oral equivalents of morphine daily or who are unable to wean down below that dosage for 4 weeks or more before the prognostic test date
- ... and 2 more (see full listing online)

## Locations (1 total)

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University Hospitals Cleveland Medical Center, Cleveland, Ohio, United States